[XXIVth YEAR.] THE [No. 1220.]

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1769.

From the POLITICAL REGISTER, *Oct.* 15.

THIS Day the Earl of Chatham resigned his Post of Lord Privy Seal. Having found in a Variety of late Instances, that his Advice was disregarded, and his Influence in the State at an End, he chose to resign —The Principle now adopted and pursuing with Respect to America, is said to have been one Cause of his Resignation. And, amongst many others, the following are added: The Plan now forming by the united Houses of Bourbon and Austria, to destroy the Peace and Liberty of Europe, being looked upon with Indifference, and treated as an idle Chimera by those who call themselves Ministers. The high Language lately held by the British Minister at Paris, upon the Invasion of Corsica by the French, and the strong Contradiction by Authority given to it here. The Memorial of a Southern Potentate, once the natural and firm Ally of Great-Britain (but now necessitated to bow with Humiliation to France and Austria for Security, and submitting to take an annual Stipend from France, as an Equivalent for a Territory, secured to him by Treaty, the great Object of his Wishes, and the Recompence for his Services and Sufferings in the common Cause) representing the Danger to Great-Britain, as well as to himself, in *the suffering France to acquire the Empire of the Mediterranean*, these are his Words. The Family Compact beginning to operate in its utmost, and most dangerous Extent, and not one Effort made by Great-Britain to check its Progress. Mr. Lynch appointed Minister to the Court of Turin, contrary to the Resigner's Recommendation, which was in Favour of the Earl of Tankerville. A general Officer of unspotted Character and unsullied Honour driven from the Service of his Country, and banished into Obscurity, lest his Abilities or Bravery should contribute to prevent the approaching Distress. Public Business has for some Time been at a Stand; or what is worse, it has been executed only by Clerks. Men of profligate Character, whose Fortunes have been dissipated in Scenes of Lewdness and Debauchery, placed in great Offices of Honour, Trust and Emolument, with no other View but to aggrandize themselves, at the Expence of the Public; and who, knowing that their own Date in Office cannot be longer than while the Shadow of Peace is preserved, are daily disgracing and debilitating the State by the most infamous Practices. Corruption at the Height the most alarming and enormous, and practised in the most open and daring Manner, to the Danger both of the Public Liberty, and of the Property of every Individual in the Kingdom. And, to crown all, beyond their Incomes, they are known to have accepted of an annual 500 l. out of the Minister's private Pocket-Book, under the Denomination of SECRET SERVICE, as the Reward for betraying their Country, or rather, as it were, to plunge the fatal Dagger into the Vitals of her Existence; the Arch-Fiend of Corruption is now performing the Part of *Locum Tenens* to the absent Favourite; a Wretch, who upon his Legs in a certain Assembly had once the Hardiness to defend the Principle and Practice of Corruption, and to add that the Public Business could not be carried on without it *. Is it not alarming to see such a Man again trusted, and consulted? and is it not the highest Impeachment of the Public Justice, that his former Conduct is suffered to sleep without Enquiry? At the Death of the late King, he was said to be worth at least a Million Sterling; and how much more hath he amassed by the Peace, and other Jobs?

Oct. 21. In Consequence of Lord Chatham's Resignation, the Earl of Shelbourne resigned the Seals of his Office (Secretary of State for the Southern Department) into his Majesty's Hand, in the Closet, at St. James's.

He remember'd Argyle,
What he did ere while,
And he follow'd that Step of his Grace's
Who seeing from afar,
That there must be a War,
Resign'd his Command, and his Places.

Oct. 22. The Earl of Rochford, who had been sent for from France, was made Secretary of State. Lord Weymouth was removed to Lord Shelbourne's Office, and Lord Rochford succeeded Lord Weymouth in the Northern Department.

* *One of the Favourite's Advocates speaks thus of the Union between them.* "*Of all the Indiscretions which are to be imputed to his Lordship, that of leaguing with a hardy Veteran, long hackney'd in the Ways of Corruption, was the most fatal, and the most inexcusable. By this imprudent Association, he, in some Measure, put it out of his Power to do the Good he meditated. He might have been sensible, that such a Colleague would gain him no Confidence with the Public; that the Interest created by his well-known Mode of Influence, was not only incompatible with his Lordship's avowed Intentions, but that in the Hour of Need, it would desert him, as it had abandoned his Predecessor. If he had not intended to remedy the Abuses of former Administrations, he should not have accepted the high Office he filled. As he proposed to redress them, nothing could be more preposterous than to unite with the very Man, who principally contributed to extend, and dared openly to avow, that corrupt System, which his Lordship professed to reform.*" *Considerations on the present dangerous Crisis. Page* 13, *published in* 1763.

No Ambassador to France is appointed, tho' our Affairs with that Court are in a Situation the most critical! No Lord Privy Seal is appointed, though the perplexed and distressed Condition of the British Government, call daily for the Assistance of all the great Officers of State.

The Earl of Egmont has been frequently applied to, both before and after Lord Chatham's Resignation, to take a Department in the State; but he has prudently declined to *dance upon other Peoples Wires*, though ready to take a Share of the Public Burden, when joined with Men of Abilities.

LONDON, *November* 9.

IT is looked upon as certain, that the Resignation of the Right Honourable the Earl of Shelburne will be followed by that of the Right Honourable Isaac Barre, Esq; as one of the Joint Vice-Treasurers of Ireland.

The Turnkey of a certain Prison, has, it is said, been dismissed from his Place, for having behaved with too much Civility to a celebrated Gentleman, now confined therein.

Last Week died at Petworth, in Sussex, one Mary Prescott, aged 105, who had bore 37 Children, most of whom are now living in good Credit: Her Death was occasioned at last, by a Cancer in her Breast.

Yesterday the Right Honourable the Lord Chancellor was at Court, and returned back with the Seals.

They write from Birmingham, that one Manufacturing-House there, discharged upwards of Twenty Artificers last Week, not having sufficient Work to employ so great a Number of Hands.

By a moderate Computation, there were upwards of Four Hundred Members in the House of Commons; and several more hourly arriving in Town from their respective Country Seats.

We hear for certain, that if the brave Corsicans can hold out 'til next Spring, more than one powerful Nation will effectually interfere in their Favour; several Overtures of too delicate a Nature for the public Eye at present, are now actually on the Carpet for that Purpose.

We can assure the Public from very intelligent Hands, who are perfectly acquainted with the present Temper of the French, the generality of the French Nation highly disapprove of their Minister's Conduct in regard to Corsica.

Letters from Leghorn of the 12th of October say, that the last Advices from Asia make mention of a bloody War which has broke out in that Part of the World; for, according to the Accounts brought by several Vessels, the King of Pegu and Bracinia has almost subdued the Chinese Empire, which, he says, he is resolved to free from the Tyranny of the Tartars, to whom he gives no Quarter.

The Earl of Pembroke is absolutely set out for France, on a Visit to the celebrated Paoli; and it is said, our brave noble Englishman is determined to act, during his Stay, as a Volunteer, in support of the glorious Cause in which those magnanimous Islanders (the Corsicans) are engaged. Lady Pembroke, and Family, stay at Paris 'til his Lordship's Return.

According to some Letters from Genoa, a Treaty is on Foot with the Court of Versailles, for ceding back to the Republic the Sovereignty of Corsica.

It is rumoured that certain Persons, beyond the Atlantic, are soon expected to arrive here in Salva Custodia.

By the Holland Mail, which arrived Yesterday, we have the following Article, dated Leghorn, Oct. 15. A Vessel just arrived from Corsica, brings Advice, that the Malcontents who were encamped over against Mariana, having received a Reinforcement from General Paoli, attacked on the 9th the Reinforcement sent by the Marquis de Chauvelin to the Garrison of the Fortress, routed it, gave the said Day a general Assault to the Place, carried it after an obstinate Fight, and made the Garrison Prisoners of War. The Advices add, that the Loss of the French was computed at 500 Men, killed and wounded, besides Two Pieces of Cannon, and all their Baggage. 'Tis also said, that to this Day, they have lost upwards of 5000 Men, killed, wounded, and taken Prisoners, among whom are Four General Officers, and 30 of inferior Rank; that M. de Grandmaison was dangerously wounded, and the French would suspend their Operations, as the Marquis de Chauvelin was on the Point of returning to Paris, with several other Officers.

The French Court is going to send a further Reinforcement of 25 Battalions to Corsica.

ADDRESS *of the* HOUSE *of* LORDS, *to the* SPEECH *of his Majesty, inserted in our last.*

MOST GRACIOUS SOVEREIGN,

WE, your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, in Parliament assembled, beg Leave to return your Majesty, our humble Thanks, for your most gracious Speech from the Throne.

We desire, with Hearts full of Gratitude, to acknowledge that Royal Goodness, so evidently manifest to all your People, by your Majesty's constant Attention to the great commercial Interests of this Country. We should be wanting on our Part, if we did not apply to the Consideration of them, with that Alacrity which Objects so very important, and capable of producing the most essential Benefits to the Nation, demand of us. The Resolution which your Majesty is pleased to express, that you will not suffer any Attempt to be made derogatory to the Honour and Dignity of your Crown, or injurious to the Rights of your People, does, and ever will, call from us, the Assurances of our most cheerful Support; nor do we conceive that any Conduct can contribute more than this will, to render all the other Powers of Europe as careful as your Majesty has ever been, to avoid taking any Step that may endanger the general Tranquility.

We feel the most sincere Concern, that any of our Fellow-Subjects, in North-America, should be misled, by factious and designing Men, into Acts of Violence, and of Resistance to the Execution of the Law, attended with Circumstances that manifest a Disposition to throw off their Dependance upon Great-Britain. At the same Time, that we shall be always ready to contribute to the Relief of any real Grievance of your Majesty's American Subjects, we most unfeignedly give your Majesty the strongest Assurances, that we shall ever zealously concur in support of such just and necessary Measures, as may best enable your Majesty to repress that daring Spirit of Disobedience, and to enforce a due Submission to the Laws, always considering, that it is one of our most essential Duties to maintain inviolate the supreme Authority of the Legislature of Great-Britain, over every Part of the Dominions of your Majesty's Crown.

We thankfully adore the merciful Interposition of Providence in the Relief which the poorer Sort of your Majesty's Subjects have received from the Distress they have so long laboured under, from the high Price of Corn. We shall apply our utmost Attention to prevent, as far as in human Prudence lies, the Return of such a Calamity, and shall give so important a Subject, that full Consideration, which the Nature of it necessarily requires.

Engaged in the Deliberation of so many important Matters, we beg Leave to assure your Majesty, that we shall studiously endeavour that our Proceedings may testify our Readiness to unite, wherever the Interest of our Country, and our Attachment to your Majesty, is concerned: Happy, if, by such an Example, the deluded Part of your Majesty's Subjects may be induced to return to their Duty, and gratefully feel the Blessings of the mildest Government, and most perfect Constitution.

His MAJESTY's most gracious ANSWER.

My LORDS,

I RECEIVE, with great Satisfaction, the Assurances you give of your Resolution to pursue the Commercial Interests of this Country, and your Readiness to support the Honour of my Crown, and the Rights of my People.

Your zealous Concurrence in every Measure, that can bring Relief to my People, is well known to me, nor do I doubt of the Attention that you will always give to any real Grievances of my American Subjects. The strong Assurances I receive from you, at the same Time, of your Determination to vindicate the just legislative Authority of Parliament, over all the Dominions of my Crown, deserve my warmest Approbation.

The humble ADDRESS *of the* HOUSE *of* COMMONS, *to his* MAJESTY's *most gracious* SPEECH, *inserted in our last.*

Most gracious SOVEREIGN,

WE your Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Commons of Great-Britain in Parliament assembled, return your Majesty our humble Thanks for your most gracious Speech from the Throne; and beg Leave to congratulate your Majesty upon the safe Delivery of the Queen, and the Birth of another Princess; an Event which must afford the greatest Comfort to all your Majesty's Subjects, as it is an Increase of your own domestic Felicity, and an additional Security, that the Blessings we enjoy under your Majesty's auspicious Government, will be continued to our latest Posterity.

We assure your Majesty, that, duly sensible of the Importance of those great Commercial Interests pointed out to us by your Majesty, we will, with all convenient Dispatch, enter upon the Consideration of them, and will use our utmost Endeavours to adjust and regulate them in such Manner as may be productive of solid and lasting Advantages to the Public.

We most gratefully acknowledge your Majesty's paternal Regard for the Ease and Welfare of your People, which has made you ever desirous of continuing to them the Blessings of Peace; at the same Time, we entirely rely on your Majesty's constant and watchful Attention to the general Interests of Europe; and feel the highest Satisfaction from your gracious Declaration, that no Consideration shall prevail on your Majesty to suffer any Attempt which may be made, derogatory to the Honour of your Crown, or injurious to the Rights of your People.

We sincerely lament that the Arts of wicked and designing Men should have been able to re-kindle that Flame of Sedition in some of your Majesty's Colonies in North-America, which, at the Close of the late Parliament, your Majesty saw Reason to hope, was well nigh extinguished.

We shall be ever ready to hear and redress any real Grievance of your Majesty's American Subjects; but we should betray the Trust reposed in us, if we did not withstand every Attempt to infringe or weaken our just Rights; and we shall always consider it as one of our most important Duties, to maintain entire and in-

violate the supreme Authority of the Legislature of Great-Britain over every Part of the British Empire.

We beg Leave to present our most dutiful Thanks to your Majesty, for having taken such Steps as you judged necessary for supporting the Constitution, and for repressing that Spirit of Faction and Disobedience, which, in the chief Town of one of your Majesty's Colonies, appears to have proceeded even to Acts of Violence, in direct Defiance of all legal Authority; and we will, by every Means in our Power, chearfully and zealously support your Majesty in all such future Measures as shall be found requisite to enforce a due Obedience to the Laws, to restore Order and good Government where they have been disturbed, and to establish the constitutional Dependance of the Colonies on Great-Britain, so essential to the Interest and Prosperity of both.

With Hearts full of Gratitude to the Divine Goodness, we partake of the Joy which fills your Majesty's Royal Breast, on seeing the poorer Sort of your People relieved from the Distress which they have lately suffered by the high Price of Corn; and we will, by every prudent Measure, endeavour to guard as far as in us lies against the Return of that Calamity.

Your faithful Commons will, with the utmost Zeal and Alacrity grant to your Majesty every necessary Supply; and study to manifest in all their Proceedings that uniform Attachment to the Public Good, which your Majesty is graciously pleased to recommend to them, and of which Your Majesty's own Conduct furnishes an illustrious Example.

Nov. 18. Early Yesterday Morning, died, the most noble Thomas Pelham Holles, Duke of Newcastle upon Tyne, and of Newcastle Under-Line, in Staffordshire, Marquis of Clare, and Lord Pelham, Lord Lieutenant, and Custos Rotulorum of the County of Nottingham, Steward, Keeper and Guardian of the Forest of Sherwood, and Park of Folewood, in the County of Nottingham, Chancellor of the Univerfity of Cambridge, Recorder of Nottingham, a Governor of the Charter-House, Knight of the Garter, L. L. D. and F. R. S. and one of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy-Council.

His Grace was the eldest Son of Thomas Lord Pelham, being born July 21, 1694, and on February 13, 1711-12, succeeded his Father in his Honours; also by the Last Will and Testament of his Uncle, John Holles, Duke of Newcastle, who died July 15, 1711, became possessed of the Bulk of his great Estate, on Condition that he and his Heirs, should take the Name and Arms of Holles.

His Grace was married April 2, 1717, to the Lady Harriot Godolphin, Daughter of the Right Honourable Francis, Earl of Godolphin, by the Lady Henrietta his Wife, eldest Daughter and Coheir of his Grace John late Duke of Marlborough, but has no Issue by her Grace.

His Grace's Nephews and Nieces, are the Earl of Lincoln, who succeeds him as Duke of Newcastle Under Line; the Viscount Castlecomer; Lady Sondes; Grace and Mary, Daughters of his Brother, the late Right Hon. Henry Pelham, whose Relict, Lady Catherine, Daughter of the Duke of Rutland, is Keeper of Greenwich Park.

Tuesday, about Seven o'Clock in the Evening, her Majesty was taken in Labour, of which Notice was immediately sent to her Royal Highness the Princess Dowager of Wales, his Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Two Secretaries of State, and Ladies of the Bed-Chamber, &c. who attended; when, at Half an Hour past Eight, her Majesty was safely delivered of a Princess. Her Majesty and the Princess were Yesterday as well as could be expected.

Extract of a Letter from Portsmouth, November 13.

"The Dorsetshire Man of War, of 74 Guns, is sailed to Spithead, and is taking on board a Regiment of Soldiers, commanded by Lord George Lennox. She is bound to Minorca, and is expected to sail in a few Days."

ANNAPOLIS, JANUARY 26.

Sunday last arrived here from LONDON, after a Passage of 11 Weeks and 6 Days, the Brigantine RACHAEL, THOMAS DEAN Master, who informs us that Capt. CRAYMER was safely arrived there, before he sailed.

Last Thursday Evening was married, Mr. JAMES TILGHMAN, the 3d. Attorney at Law, to Miss SUSANNAH STEUART, eldest Daughter of GEORGE STEUART, Esq; of this City. A young Lady, in whom are united every amiable and polite Accomplishment necessary to render the conjugal State happy.

January 19, 1769.

WHEREAS a certain *Thomas M'Cuen*, obtained a Note of Hand of me, dated on, or about the 7th Day of *November* last, for Twenty Pounds, These are therefore to forewarn all Persons, from taking an Assignment of the said Note, for I have received no Consideration, and therefore will not pay it. WILLIAM HARTIGAN.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Mr. *Thomas Sheredine*, late of *Baltimore* County, deceased, are desired to make immediate Payment, and all those that have any Claims against said Estate, are desired to bring them in, that they may be adjusted, by WILLIAM LYNCH, Adm.

January 19, 1769.

THE Lands, call'd HEATH's RANGE, (the First Part) having been heretofore advertised, and only a Part thereof sold, there still remains the Town of WARWICK, with the Land belonging thereto, being about Five Hundred Acres: This is therefore to give Notice, That the said Town and Land, lying in *Cecil* County, *Maryland*, will certainly be sold, at Public Vendue, on Wednesday the 15th Day of *February* next, agreeable to the Will of *James Heath*, Esq; deceased, to which a Title, in Fee, will be given, by

(ts) JOHN LEE WEBSTER, Executor,
SUSANNA WEBSTER, Executrix.

* * As the Town of *Warwick*, is so public, and well known, it is unnecessary to mention the Richness of its Soil, or Conveniencies of its Situation. The Sale will be in the said Town of *Warwick*.

Bladensburg, January 19, 1769.

CAPTAIN ROBERT HOW, Commander of the Ship PATOWMACK, left with me, last Summer, a Cask, marked R G, containing a Man's Saddle, for which I can find no Owner. Whoever has a right to it, by paying Charges, may have the said Package, from

(2w) RICHARD HENDERSON.

January 23, 1769.

STRAY'D from the Subscriber, living on *Severn*, the 8th Instant, a dark bay MARE, about 13 Hands 3 Inches high, Three Years old next Spring: He has a little White on his off Foot, is hand-dock'd, and is branded on the near Buttock and Shoulder, with the Letters I L. Whoever will deliver the said Mare to the Subscriber, or Mr. THOMAS BROWN, on *Elk-Ridge*, shall receive a Reward of TWENTY SHILLINGS Currency.

(w2) WILLIAM YEALDHOLL.

To be sold, pursuant to the last Testament of the Hon. Benjamin Tasker, *of the Province of* Maryland, *deceased, on Wednesday the 1st Day of* March, 1769, *if fair, if not, the next fair Day, at Public Sale,*

THE House and Plantation, called BELLAIR, (lying in *Prince-George's* County, in *Maryland*, formerly the Property and Residence of the late Governor *Ogle*, deceased,) also about 21 SLAVES, all the Stock, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Plows, Tools, &c. there.——This Estate contains about 2177 Acres, including a Quantity of mowable Meadow, and a large Portion of arable Land, which is well inclosed, and Wheat was sown last Autumn on Part of it. Its Situation is healthful, and distant about 16 Miles from *Annapolis*, 12 from the Town of *Bladensburg*, and 6 from *Queen-Anne*. The Mansion-House, and Office, near it, are Two Stories, built of Brick; the latter, about 40 Feet square, and the former, 60 by 35 Feet. The Orchards, Garden, Stables, Barns, &c. also contribute to make this Seat very pleasing and commodious. It is proposed that the Purchaser, or Purchasers, who shall buy to the Amount of 50 l. Sterling (or for any greater Sum) may pass his, or their Bonds, with approved Security for the same, to the acting Trustees, or their Agents, who will attend at the Time and Place aforesaid.

Frederick County, *January* 10, 1769.

STRAY'D, or STOLEN, from Mrs. ELIZABETH HAWKINS's, near *Piscataway*, on Thursday the 30th of *November* last, a small white MARE, about Thirteen Hands high. She is branded on the near Buttock T, and has several black Spots about her, occasioned by Drawing.

Whoever will contrive her to Mr. *John Addison's*, in *Prince-George's* County, or to the Subscriber, near *George-Town*, shall receive FIFTEEN SHILLINGS.

JOHN HAWKINS.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

Elk-Ridge Furnace, *Jan.* 7, 1769.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Convict Servant Man, named *Thomas Hughs*, about 36 Years of Age, near 5 Feet 5 Inches high; has short brown Hair, Hazel Eyes, and his Nose turns up at the End: He has a mild Way of Address, and often looks down, when spoken to. It is pretty certain that he lately broke into the Store of Mr. *French*, at *Elk-Ridge* Landing, and took thence about Sixty Pounds Cash, consisting of Gold and Silver, chiefly Half-Johannes's and Pieces of Eight: He has also taken with him a light-coloured broad Cloth Coat, a new Pair of Buckskin Breeches, and sundry other Cloaths, not certainly known. He ran away last Spring, and was taken up in *Pennsylvania*, and confined for some Time in *Chester* Jail, where he called himself *Thomas Steelman*: He is a good Carpenter and Joiner, and a very handy Fellow. Whoever apprehends the said Runaway, and brings him home, shall have, if taken in the Province, Five Pounds; and, if out of the Province, Ten Pounds Reward, paid by (5w) CALEB DORSEY.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, *living on* Kent-Island, *on very reasonable Terms,*

ALL her DOWER, or THIRDS, which she claims as Widow of JOHN M'DERMOTT, deceased, of, and in Two Lots of Ground, in *Frederick-Town*, *Cecil* County, whereon is a good large framed Dwelling-House, with a very good Brick Kitchen adjoining, and a good framed House, built for a Billiard-Room, with a very fine Chamber above, and a very good Garden, &c. For Terms apply to SARAH FLYNN.

Patapsco-Ferry, December 28, 1768.

THE Subscriber being appointed by the Magistrates of *Baltimore* County, at the last Court, to keep the Lower-Ferry, on *Patapsco* River, for said County, begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has provided safe and convenient BOATS, well Mann'd, together with every Thing necessary to give Travellers the utmost Dispatch.——He also keeps a TAVERN, and has taken considerable Pains to fit up commodious Lodging-Rooms, and lay in a proper Assortment of Liquors. He has also erected very good STABLES, and is always furnished with Plenty of excellent Clover-Hay and Oats, so that Gentlemen may depend upon having their Horses taken great Care of, and themselves agreeably accommodated, by

Their most humble Servant,

(row) JAMES KELSO.

December 24, 1768.

To be SOLD, *at* PUBLIC VENDUE,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in *Dorchester* County, about Two Miles to the Eastward of the Line lately run, granted under *Maryland* Rights, with natural and artificial Boundaries for 600 Acres, but contains nearly 900 Acres. The Land lies about 10 Miles from the Forest-Landing, on *Jones's* Creek, on *Delaware*, and about 9 Miles from *Choptank-Bridge*; has Two Streams of Water running through it, one of them sufficient for a Mill, and has about 100 Acres of Land, capable of making exceeding rich Meadow. There is about 350 Acres of cleared Land, under good Fence, on Part of which there is now sown 110 Bushels of Wheat. There is on the Land a Dwelling-House, 36 Feet by 20, with a Cellar, a Smoke-House, Milk-House, Three Corn-Houses, one new Barn, 50 Feet by 30; one Peach Orchard, of 7000 flourishing Trees, and Three Apple Orchards. The Plantation is in very good Order, the Situation pleasant and healthy, and the Soil very rich, and well adapted to Farming, but particularly good for Wheat.

Any Person inclinable to purchase, may apply to *Joseph Gill*, who lives on the Premises, and will shew the Land and Title, (which is indisputable) as well as give Information of the Terms and Conditions of the Sale, which will be on the Premises, the 16th Day of *March* next, if fair, if not, on the first fair Day after, by (ts) JOSEPH COWMAN.

December 30, 1768.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Airs's* Ford, on the Falls of *Patapsco*, on *Elk-Ridge*, an *Irish* indented Servant Man, named PETER DENNY, about 20 Years of Age, about Five Feet Two Inches high, of a fair Complexion, thin visaged, grey eyed, and a little pitted with the Small-Pox, short brown Hair, and carries his Head crooked, is much addicted to Liquor, and when drunk, is very quarrelsome: Had on, when he went away, a new Check Shirt, a new Bearskin Coat, bound round with black Binding, a blue Sagathy Jacket, with the Skirts lin'd with the same, and yellow Buttons, a Pair of new Broad Cloth Breeches, a Pair of plain Yarn Stockings, a Pair of new Shoes, and Steel Buckles, a Felt Hat, bound with black Ferreting, a new red Duffil great Coat, and took with him, a black Stallion, about 13 Hands high, and near Nine Years old, with a half worn *English* Saddle, and Snaffle Bridle: He also took with him Three Bills, One of Twenty Shillings, One of Fifteen, and One of Five; and, as he is well acquainted in *Baltimore-Town*, he may probably change his Dress.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to the Subscriber, shall receive Three Pounds for the Man, and Thirty Shillings for the Horse, beside what the Law allows, paid by

(tf) VALENTINE BROWN, Junior.

THE Subscribers being determined to leave *George-Town* very soon, will sell what Goods they have on Hand, very cheap, for ready Payment in Cash, or Grain. They request all Persons indebted to them, to come and settle their Accounts as soon as possible. Those who neglect coming to settle before the 20th of next *March*, may expect their Accounts will be put into the Hands of a Lawyer, without further Notice.

(5w) JAMES HARRIS, & Co.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by ANNE CATHARINE and WILLIAM GREEN, at the PRINTING-OFFICE: Where all Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE, at 12*s.* 6*d.* a Year; ADVERTISEMENTS, of a moderate Length, are inserted the First Time, for 5*s.* and 1*s.* for each Week's Continuance. Long Ones in Proportion to their Number of Lines.——At same Place may be had, ready Printed, most kinds of BLANKS, *viz.* COMMON and BAIL BONDS; TESTAMENTARY LETTERS of several Sorts, with their proper BONDS annexed; BILLS of EXCHANGE; SHIPPING-BILLS, &c. &c. All Manner of PRINTING-WORK performed in the neatest and most expeditious Manner, on applying as above.